| Paper: | ENGLISH |
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| Set Name: | SET 42 |
| Exam Date: | 16 Sep 2022 |
| Exam Shift: | 1 |
| Langauge: | English |

| Section: | ENGLISH | | | |
|----------------|--|---|---|--|
| Item No: | 1 | | | |
| Question ID: | 164091 | | | |
| Question Type: | MCQ | | | |
| Passage: | Read the passage and answer the There is a lovely story of a tree and had become friends. One day, the lorying. He was hungry. "Eat my fr branches. The boy ate the fruit and under the tree with an anxious look tree. "I am going to marry and I we down my branches and build your house with the branches of the tree sat under the tree with a worried locaptain is a cruel fellow. I want a strunk and build a ship." The sailor man. On a cold winter's day, he sto and trembling with cold. "Make a the tree. The stump of the unselfish | d a little boy sat le uit" said l was hap k on his ant a hou house," e. The yo bok. "Wh ship of m lost his ood whee fire of m | boy who used to play in it eaning against the trunk of the kind tree bending dow ppy. The boy grew up. One face. "What is the matter?" use to live in," said the you said the tree. The young moung man became a sailor, nat is the matter?" asked the youn," said the sailor. "Coship and returned home as the tree once was, leaning, and warm yourself" said | the tree, on one of its e day, he sat asked the mg man. "Cut han built a One day, he he tree. "My cut down my a helpless old hig on his stick d the stump of |
| | Match List I with List II | | | 1 |
| | LIST I | - | LIST II | |
| | A. The boy was crying | I. | wanted to own a ship of his own | |
| Question: | B. The young man was anxious | Chou | to marry and wanted a house of his own | |
| | C. The sailor was worried and | MII. | because he was hungry | _ |
| | D. The stump of the beauting, kind and the selfless are | IV: | burnt in the fire | |
| | Choose the correct answer from th | e option | s given below: | ° |
| A: | A - IV, B - III, C - II, D - I | | | |
| B: | A - III, B - II, C - I, D - IV | | | |
| C: | A - I, B - III, C - II, D - IV | | | |
| D: | A - II, B - I, C - IV, D - III | | | |

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| Item No: | 2 | |
| Question ID: | 164092 | |
| Question Type: | MCQ | |
| | Read the passage and answer the following questions. There is a lovely story of a tree and a little boy who used to play in its shade. They had become friends. One day, the boy sat leaning against the trunk of the tree, crying. He was hungry. "Eat my fruit" said the kind tree bending down one of its branches. The boy ate the fruit and was happy. The boy grew up. One day, he sat under the tree with an anxious look on his face. "What is the matter?" asked the tree. "I am going to marry and I want a house to live in," said the young man. "Cut down my branches and build your house," said the tree. The young man built a house with the braiches of the tree. The young man backet a Boilor. One clay he are the said that the braiches of the tree. They oung that backet a Boilor. One clay he are the said that the braiches of the tree. | |

| | captain is a cruel fellow. I want a ship of my own," said the sailor. "Cut down my trunk and build a ship." The sailor lost his ship and returned home as a helpless of man. On a cold winter's day, he stood where the tree once was, leaning on his stick and trembling with cold. "Make a fire of me, and warm yourself" said the stump of the tree. The stump of the unselfish tree burnt in the fire, softly humming a tune. | |
|-----------|---|--|
| Question: | The two protagonists of the story are (Select the correct option) | |
| A: | Both innocent and naive | |
| B: | One is intelligent and the other a fool | |
| C: | Both cunning and selfish | |
| D: | One of them is demanding and greedy, the other always generous, sensitive and supportive | |

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| Item No: | 3 |
| Question ID: | 164093 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Passage: | Read the passage and answer the following questions. There is a lovely story of a tree and a little boy who used to play in its shade. They had become friends. One day, the boy sat leaning against the trunk of the tree, crying. He was hungry. "Eat my fruit" said the kind tree bending down one of its branches. The boy ate the fruit and was happy. The boy grew up. One day, he sat under the tree with an anxious look on his face. "What is the matter?" asked the tree. "I am going to marry and I want a house to live in," said the young man. "Cut down my branches and build your house," said the tree. The young man built a house with the branches of the tree. The young man became a sailor. One day, he sat under the tree with a worried look. "What is the matter?" asked the tree. "My captain is a cruel fellow. I want a ship of my own," said the sailor. "Cut down my trunk and build a ship." The sailor lost his ship and returned home as a helpless old man. On a cold winter's day, he stood where the tree once was, leaning on his stick and trembling with cold. "Make a fire of me, and warm yourself" said the stump of the tree. The stump of the unselfish tree formt in the fire, softly humming a tune. |
| Question: | How were the tree and the little boy leated to each other? (Select the correct option) |
| A: | They were close contenders their race to survive |
| B: | They were very close conds due to their very long association |
| C: | They were colleagues as they work together |
| D: | They were competitors in their need to fulfill their own needs. |

| Item No: | |
|----------------|---|
| Question ID: | 164094 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Passage: | Read the passage and answer the following questions. There is a lovely story of a tree and a little boy who used to play in its shade. They had become friends. One day, the boy sat leaning against the trunk of the tree, crying. He was hungry. "Eat my fruit" said the kind tree bending down one of its branches. The boy ate the fruit and was happy. The boy grew up. One day, he sat under the tree with an anxious look on his face. "What is the matter?" asked the tree. "I am going to marry and I want a house to live in," said the young man. "Cut down my branches and build your house," said the tree. The young man built a house with the branches of the tree. The young man became a sailor. One day, he sat under the tree with a worried look. "What is the matter?" asked the tree. "My captain is a cruel fellow. I want a ship of my own," said the sailor. "Cut down my trunk and build a ship." The sailor lost his ship and returned home as a helpless old nanowarious at the lost of the tree trunk and the lost of the tree trunk and the lost of the tree trunk and the sailor of the tree. The young man became as a helpless old nanowarious at the lost of the tree trunk and the sailor of the tree. The young trunk and build a ship." The sailor lost his ship and returned home as a helpless old nanowarious at the tree trunk and the trunk and the tree trunk and the trunk and the tree trunk and the trunk and |

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| | the tree. The stump of the unselfish tree burnt in the fire, softly humming a tune. |
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| Question: | The story highlights a typical selfish human nature we are all familiar with. Identify it from the options given below: |
| A: | Compassion and benevolence |
| B: | Conservation of forests |
| C: | Mindless greed to possess more and more wealth |
| D: | Heartless and foolish exploitation of nature |

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| Item No: | 5 |
| Question ID: | 164095 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Passage: | Read the passage and answer the following questions. There is a lovely story of a tree and a little boy who used to play in its shade. They had become friends. One day, the boy sat leaning against the trunk of the tree, crying. He was hungry. "Eat my fruit" said the kind tree bending down one of its branches. The boy ate the fruit and was happy. The boy grew up. One day, he sat under the tree with an anxious look on his face. "What is the matter?" asked the tree. "I am going to marry and I want a house to live in," said the young man. "Cut down my branches and build your house," said the tree. The young man built a house with the branches of the tree. The young man became a sailor. One day, he sat under the tree with a worried look. "What is the matter?" asked the tree. "My captain is a cruel fellow. I want a ship of my own," said the sailor. "Cut down my trunk and build a ship." The sailor lost his ship and returned home as a helpless old man. On a cold winter's day, he stood where the tree once was, leaning on his stick and trembling with cold. "Make a fire of me, and warm yourself" said the stump of the tree. The stump of the unselfish tree burnt in the fire, softly humming a tune. |
| Question: | "The stump of the unselfish tree burnt in the fire, softly humming a tune." means: (Select the right options from the given options) |
| A: | Every tree sings when it is burn. |
| B: | The selfless tree felt no painteen in its accute suffering while dying, caring for others. |
| C: | The frail and wonderful tree tried to forget its pain by humming |
| D: | The tree was a fool and was humming as it did not realize that it was dying |
| | |

| Item No: | 6 |
|----------------|--|
| Question ID: | 164096 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Passage: | Read the passage and answer the following questions. There is a lovely story of a tree and a little boy who used to play in its shade. They had become friends. One day, the boy sat leaning against the trunk of the tree, crying. He was hungry. "Eat my fruit" said the kind tree bending down one of its branches. The boy ate the fruit and was happy. The boy grew up. One day, he sat under the tree with an anxious look on his face. "What is the matter?" asked the tree. "I am going to marry and I want a house to live in," said the young man. "Cut down my branches and build your house," said the tree. The young man built a house with the branches of the tree. The young man became a sailor. One day, he sat under the tree with a worried look. "What is the matter?" asked the tree. "My captain is a cruel fellow. I want a ship of my own," said the sailor. "Cut down my trunk and build a ship." The sailor lost his ship and returned home as a helpless old man. On a cold winter's day, he stood where the tree once was, leaning on his stick and own load call "Macaa in Suranad was Apua Polisec Sarath Stundent tSuvidha.com |

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| | the tree. The stump of the unselfish tree burnt in the fire, softly humming a tune. |
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| Question: | How would you define the relationship that the story illustrates. Select the correct answer from the following options. |
| A: | It was a mutual symbiotic relationship. |
| B: | It was a relationship based on deceit and treachery. |
| C: | It was an one sided relationship where the tree loved, cared for and supported the boy till its end. |
| D: | It was a disguised enmity. |

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| Item No: | 7 |
| Question ID: | 164097 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Passage: | I must say that, beyond occasionally exposing me to laughter, my constitutional shyness has been of no great disadvantage to me. In fact, I can see that, on the contrary, it has been all to my advantage. My hesitancy in speech, which was once an annoyance, is now a pleasure. Its greatest pleasure has been that it has taught me the economy of words. I have naturally formed the habit of restraining my thoughts. And I can now, give myself the certificate that a thoughtless word hardly ever escapes of my tongue or pen. I do not recollect ever having had to regret anything in my speech or writing. I have thus been spared many a mishap and waste of time. Experience has taught me that silence is part of the spiritual discipline of a votary of truth. Proneness to exaggerate, to suppress or modify the truth, wittingly or unwittingly, is a natural weakness of man and silence is necessary in order to surmount it. A man of few words will rarely be thoughtless in his speech; he will measure every word. |
| Question: | The expression, "my constitutional shyness" in the given passage would mean (Select the right answer from the options given below): |
| A: | Shyness mentioned in Article 13th the Indian Constitution |
| B: | Shyness prescribed as a mark of our democracy in the preamble of our Constitution. |
| C: | The innate and natural shyness in the author |
| D: | A shyness that the author pretends to derive some evil advantages in life. |

| Item No: | 8 |
|----------------|--|
| Question ID: | 164098 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Passage: | After reading the following passage, answer the questions which follow: I must say that, beyond occasionally exposing me to laughter, my constitutional shyness has been of no great disadvantage to me. In fact, I can see that, on the contrary, it has been all to my advantage. My hesitancy in speech, which was once an annoyance, is now a pleasure. Its greatest pleasure has been that it has taught me the economy of words. I have naturally formed the habit of restraining my thoughts. And I can now, give myself the certificate that a thoughtless word hardly ever escapes of my tongue or pen. I do not recollect ever having had to regret anything in my speech or writing. I have thus been spared many a mishap and |
| | waste of time. Experience has taught me that silence is part of the spiritual displayed value of the structure of the spiritual displayed value of the spiritual displayed value of the spiritual value of th |

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| | necessary in order to surmount it. A man of few words will rarely be thoughtless in his speech; he will measure every word. |
|-----------|--|
| Question: | The author as a matured individual believes that his shy nature brought him (Select the right answer from the options given below): |
| A: | Great advantage in life |
| B: | Unmatched joy and enchantment in life |
| C: | Disadvantage while performing rituals |
| D: | Media coverage |

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| Item No: | 9 | |
| Question ID: | 164099 | |
| Question Type: | MCQ | |
| Passage: | I must say that, beyond occasionally exposing me to laughter, my constitutional shyness has been of no great disadvantage to me. In fact, I can see that, on the contrary, it has been all to my advantage. My hesitancy in speech, which was once an annoyance, is now a pleasure. Its greatest pleasure has been that it has taught me the economy of words. I have naturally formed the habit of restraining my thoughts. And I can now, give myself the certificate that a thoughtless word hardly ever escapes of my tongue or pen. I do not recollect ever having had to regret anything in my speech or writing. I have thus been spared many a mishap and waste of time. Experience has taught me that silence is part of the spiritual discipline of a votary of truth. Proneness to exaggerate, to suppress or modify the truth, wittingly or unwittingly, is a natural weakness of man and silence is necessary in order to surmount it. A man of few words will rarely be thoughtless in his speech; he will measure every words. | |
| Question: | From the options given below, select the one which will appropriately answer the following question: The author due to his shy partire | |
| A: | Would aggressively attack any and every crowd around him | |
| B: | Worked hard to hide his stammer | |
| C: | Naturally formed the habit of restraining his thoughts | |
| D: | Became an ascetic. | |

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| Item No: | 10 | |
| Question ID: | 1640910 | |
| Question Type: | MCQ | |
| Passage: | After reading the following passage, answer the questions which follow: I must say that, beyond occasionally exposing me to laughter, my constitutional shyness has been of no great disadvantage to me. In fact, I can see that, on the contrary, it has been all to my advantage. My hesitancy in speech, which was once an annoyance, is now a pleasure. Its greatest pleasure has been that it has taught me the economy of words. I have naturally formed the habit of restraining my thoughts. And I can now, give myself the certificate that a thoughtless word hardly ever escapes of my tongue or pen. I do not recollect ever having had to regret a principal to accept the contract of the contr | ntSuvidha.com |

| | discipline of a votary of truth. Proneness to exaggerate, to suppress or modify the truth, wittingly or unwittingly, is a natural weakness of man and silence is necessary in order to surmount it. A man of few words will rarely be thoughtless in his speech; he will measure every word. |
|-----------|--|
| Question: | The author claims that (Select the right answer from the options given below): |
| A: | He has rarely even spoken a thoughtless word due to his shy nature |
| B: | He always speaks without thinking because he is shy |
| C: | As a shy individual, he has become prone to nightmares |
| D: | His shy nature helped him become a great cricket player. |

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| Item No: | 11 | |
| Question ID: | 1640911 | |
| Question Type: | MCQ | |
| Passage: | After reading the following passage, answer the questions which follow: I must say that, beyond occasionally exposing me to laughter, my constitutional shyness has been of no great disadvantage to me. In fact, I can see that, on the contrary, it has been all to my advantage. My hesitancy in speech, which was once an annoyance, is now a pleasure. Its greatest pleasure has been that it has taught me the economy of words. I have naturally formed the habit of restraining my thoughts. And I can now, give myself the certificate that a thoughtless word hardly ever escapes of my tongue or pen. I do not recollect ever having had to regret anything in my speech or writing. I have thus been spared many a mishap and waste of time. Experience has taught me that silence is part of the spiritual discipline of a votary of truth. Proneness to exaggerate, to suppress or modify the truth, wittingly or unwittingly, is a natural weakness of man and silence is necessary in order to surmount it. A man of few words will rarely be thoughtless in his speech; he will measure every when. | |
| Question: | From the options given below, select the one which will answer the following question: Experience has taught to author that | |
| A: | Silence is better than laughter to stay fit | |
| B: | Silence is part of the spiritual discipline | |
| C: | Silence is to be avoided at all costs | |
| D: | Silence can never be attained by man | |

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| Item No: | 12 | |
| Question ID: | 1640912 | |
| Question Type: | MCQ | |
| Passage: | After reading the following passage, answer the questions which follow: I must say that, beyond occasionally exposing me to laughter, my constitutional shyness has been of no great disadvantage to me. In fact, I can see that, on the contrary, it has been all to my advantage. My hesitancy in speech, which was once an annoyance, is now a pleasure. Its greatest pleasure has been that it has taught me the economy of words. I have naturally formed the habit of restraining my thoughts. And I can now, give myself the certificate that a thoughtless word hardly expenses to the property of the certificate that a thoughtless word hardly expenses to the property of the certificate that a thoughtless word hardly expenses to the property of the property | ntSuvidha com |

| | waste of time. Experience has to discipline of a votary of truth. P truth, wittingly or unwittingly, i | ng. I have thus been spared many a mishap and aught me that silence is part of the spiritual Proneness to exaggerate, to suppress or modify the is a natural weakness of man and silence is it. A man of few words will rarely be thoughtless in ery word. |
|-----------|--|--|
| | Match List I with List II | |
| | LIST I | LIST II |
| | A. A man of few words will | I. rarely be thoughtless in his speech |
| | B. My hesitancy in speech | II. was once an annoyance. |
| Question: | Proneness to exaggerate, C. modify and suppress that truth | III. is a natural weakness in man |
| | D. My shyness | IV. occasionally exposed me to laughter |
| | Choose the correct answer from | n the options given below: |
| A: | A - IV, B - III, C - II, D - I | |
| B: | A - II, B - I, C - IV, D - III | |
| C: | A - III, B - IV, C - I, D - II | |
| D: | A - I, B - II, C - III, D - IV | |
| | | |

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| Item No: | 13 | |
| Question ID: | 1640913 | |
| Question Type: | MCQ | |
| Passage: | After reading the passage, answer the questions that follow: Unhappiness and discontent spring not only from poverty. Man is a strange creature, fundamentally different from other animals. He has far horizons, invincible hopes, creative energies, spirital powers. If they are left undeveloped and unsatisfied, he may have all the conforts which wealth can give, but will still feel that life is not worthwhile. The great humanist writers, Shaw and Wells, Arnold Bennett and Galsworth. Who are regarded as the prophets of the dawn, expose the foibles, inconsist writes and weaknesses of modern life, but they ignore the deeper currents and so betimes misrepresent them. At any rate, they give nothing in their place. Whe void left by the removal of tradition, morality and religion, others are putting in vague sentiments of race and power. The modern mind is shaped by Rousseau's Social Contract, Marx's Capital, Darwin's On the Origin of Species and Spengler's The Decline of the West. The outward chaos and confusion of our life reflect the confusion of our hearts and minds. Constitutions, says Plato, "are but the reflections in the outside world of the values which prevail in men's minds." There must be a change in the ideals we cherish, in the values we adopt, before we can give social expression to them. We help to secure the future only to the extent to which we ourselves are changed. What is missing in our age is the soul; there is nothing wrong with the body. We suffer from sickness of spirit. We must discover our roots in the eternal and regain faith in the transcendent truth which will order life, discipline discordant elements, and bring unity and purpose into it. If not, when the floods come and the winds blow and beat upon our houses, it will fall. | |
| Question: | The author implies that if the eternal values and ideals are not regained, then ——— (Select the right option) | |
| A: | The world will be flooded | |
| B: | The sky will fall | |
| C: | The human civilization and society will be ruined forever | |
| D: | The earth will get sucked into a black hole and PAPERS at Studer | tSuvidha.com |

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| | 14 | | |
| Item No: | | | |
| Question ID: | 1640914 | | |
| Question Type: | MCQ | | |
| Passage: | After reading the passage, answer the questions that follow: Unhappiness and discontent spring not only from poverty. Man is a strange creature, fundamentally different from other animals. He has far horizons, invincible hopes, creative energies, spiritual powers. If they are left undeveloped and unsatisfied, he may have all the comforts which wealth can give, but will still feel that life is not worthwhile. The great humanist writers, Shaw and Wells, Arnold Bennett and Galsworthy, who are regarded as the prophets of the dawn, expose the foibles, inconsistencies and weaknesses of modern life, but they ignore the deeper currents and sometimes misrepresent them. At any rate, they give nothing in their place. In the void left by the removal of tradition, morality and religion, others are putting in vague sentiments of race and power. The modern mind is shaped by Rousseau's Social Contract, Marx's Capital, Darwin's On the Origin of Species and Spengler's The Decline of the West. The outward chaos and confusion of our life reflect the confusion of our hearts and minds. Constitutions, says Plato, "are but the reflections in the outside world of the values which prevail in men's minds." There must be a change in the ideals we cherish, in the values we adopt, before we can give social expression to them. We help to secure the future only to the extent to which we ourselves are changed. What is missing in our age is the soul; there is nothing wrong with the body. We suffer from sickness of spirit. We must discover our roots in the eternal and regain faith in the transcendent truth which will order life, discipline discordant elements, and bring unity and purpose into it. If not, when the floods come and the winds blow and beat upon our houses, it will fall. | | |
| Question: | According to the author, the humanist writers have ignored(Select the correct option) | | |
| A: | The spiritual aspect of life | | |
| B: | Religion and rituals | | |
| C: | Cultural progress | | |
| D: | Material welfare | | |
| | | | |
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| Item No: | 15 | |
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| Question ID: | 1640915 | |
| Question Type: | : MCQ | |
| Passage: | After reading the passage, answer the questions that follow: Unhappiness and discontent spring not only from poverty. Man is a strange creature, fundamentally different from other animals. He has far horizons, invincible hopes, creative energies, spiritual powers. If they are left undeveloped and unsatisfied, he may have all the comforts which wealth can give, but will still feel that life is not worthwhile. The great humanist writers, Shaw and Wells, Arnold Bennett and Galsworthy, who are regarded as the prophets of the dawn, expose the foibles, inconsistencies and weaknesses of modern life, but they ignore the deeper currents and sometimes misrepresent them. At any rate, they give nothing in their place. In the void left by the removal of tradition, morality and religion, others are putting in vague sentiments of race and power. The modern mind is shaped by Rousseau's Social Contract, Marx's Capital, Darwin's On the Origin of Species and Spengler's The Decline of the West. The outward chaos and confusion of our life reflect the confusion of our hearts and minds. Constitutions, says Plato, "are but the reflections in the outside world of the values which prevail in men's minds." There must be a change in the ideals we cherish, in the values we adopt, before we can give social expression to them. We help to secure the future only to the extent to which we ourselves are changed. What is missing in our age is the soul; there is nothing wrong with the body. We suffer from religioness of spirits we may discovere the future of the many discovered to the first and regan faith in the transcendent that the soul. | ıa.com |

| | which will order life, discipline discordant elements, and bring unity and purpose into it. If not, when the floods come and the winds blow and beat upon our houses, it will fall. |
|-----------|---|
| Question: | According to the author, how is man different from other animals? (Select the correct option) |
| | ************************************** |
| A: | Because of his unique power of speech |
| B: | In his hopes, creative-energies and spiritual powers |
| C: | In money and the material achievements of man |
| D: | In his physical prowess |

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| Item No: | 16 |
| Question ID: | 1640916 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Passage: | After reading the passage, answer the questions that follow: Unhappiness and discontent spring not only from poverty. Man is a strange creature, fundamentally different from other animals. He has far horizons, invincible hopes, creative energies, spiritual powers. If they are left undeveloped and unsatisfied, he may have all the comforts which wealth can give, but will still feel that life is not worthwhile. The great humanist writers, Shaw and Wells, Arnold Bennett and Galsworthy, who are regarded as the prophets of the dawn, expose the foibles, inconsistencies and weaknesses of modern life, but they ignore the deeper currents and sometimes misrepresent them. At any rate, they give nothing in their place. In the void left by the removal of tradition, morality and religion, others are putting in vague sentiments of race and power. The modern mind is shaped by Rousseau's Social Contract, Marx's Capital, Darwin's On the Origin of Species and Spengler's The Decline of the West. The outward chaos and confusion of our life reflect the confusion of our hearts and minds. Constitutions, says Plato, "are but the reflections in the outside world of the values which prevail in men's minds." There must be a change in the ideals we cherish, in the values we adopt, before we can give social expression to them. We help to secure the future only to the extent to which we out elves are changed. What is missing in our age is the soul; there is nothing wrong with the body. We suffer from sickness of spirit. We must discover our roots in the eternal and regain faith in the transcendent truth which will order life, discipline discordant elements, and bring unity and purpose into it. If not, when the thools come and the winds blow and beat upon our houses, it will fall. |
| Question: | According to the author, unhappiness and discontent spring from Select the right option. |
| A: | Poverty alone |
| B: | Ignorance |
| C: | Poverty along with the moral and spiritual degradation of man |
| D: | Mental turmoil |

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| Item No: | 17 | |
| Question ID: | 1640917 | |
| Question Type: | MCQ | |
| | After reading the passage, answer the questions that follow: Unhappiness and discontent spring not only from poverty. Man is a strange creature, fundamentally different from other animals. He has far horizons, invincible hopes, creative energies, spiritual powers. If they are left undeveloped and unsatisfied, he may have all the conforts which we all they are but will still feel that life is not worthwhile. The great humanist writers, Shaw and Wells. | ntSuvidha.com |

| expose the dee nothing religior mind is Origin confusi says Plain men adopt, I only to the sou We mu which winto it. it will f | the foibles, inconsistencies per currents and sometimes in their place. In the void I in, others are putting in vague shaped by Rousseau's Sociof Species and Spengler's Ton of our life reflect the contato, "are but the reflections is minds." There must be a coefore we can give social exthe extent to which we oursel; there is nothing wrong with the state of the core will be the contact of the course of the extent to which we oursel; there is nothing wrong with the course of | and we misrep left by the senting ial Confusion in the confusion in the confusion in the description in the left is selves a left the left is seordant seordant. | regarded as the prophets of the aknesses of modern life, but be resent them. At any rate, they he removal of tradition, mora ments of race and power. The tract, Marx's Capital, Darwing the of the West. The outwar of our hearts and minds. Concutside world of the values we in the ideals we cherish, in the onto them. We help to secure re changed. What is missing body. We suffer from sickness and regain faith in the transcent elements, and bring unity at the winds blow and beat upon | they ignore y give ality and modern ality on the d chaos and astitutions, hich prevail an values we the future in our age is s of spirit. endent truth and purpose |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| | LIST I | ĺ | LIST II | |
| A. | The strange creature man | I. | Social Contract | |
| | | | -i | |
| B. | Prophets of dawn are | II. | Spiritual development | |

| | | LIST I | | LIST II |
|-----------|----|-------------------------------------|------|---|
| | A. | The strange creature man | I. | Social Contract |
| | B. | Prophets of dawn are | II. | Spiritual development |
| Question: | C. | The famous book written by Rousseau | III. | is fundamentally different from other animals |
| | D. | Our age is missing out on | IV. | Shaw and Wells, Arnold and Galsworthy |

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

| A: | A - III, B - IV, C - I, D - II |
|----|--------------------------------|
| | |

B: A - I, B - II, C - III, D - IV

Passage:

C:

Passage:

A - II, B - III, C - IV, D - I

A - IV, B - III, C - II, D - I

| Section: | ENGLISH |
|----------------|---|
| Item No: | 18 |
| Question ID: | 1640918 |
| Question Type: | MCQ WITH |
| | A few was ding the new group the questions that follows |

After reading the passage, answer the questions that follow:

Unhappiness and discontent spring not only from poverty. Man is a strange creature, fundamentally different from other animals. He has far horizons, invincible hopes, creative energies, spiritual powers. If they are left undeveloped and unsatisfied, he may have all the comforts which wealth can give, but will still feel that life is not worthwhile. The great humanist writers, Shaw and Wells, Arnold Bennett and Galsworthy, who are regarded as the prophets of the dawn, expose the foibles, inconsistencies and weaknesses of modern life, but they ignore the deeper currents and sometimes misrepresent them. At any rate, they give nothing in their place. In the void left by the removal of tradition, morality and religion, others are putting in vague sentiments of race and power. The modern mind is shaped by Rousseau's Social Contract, Marx's Capital, Darwin's On the Origin of Species and Spengler's The Decline of the West. The outward chaos and confusion of our life reflect the confusion of our hearts and minds. Constitutions, says Plato, "are but the reflections in the outside world of the values which prevail in men's minds." There must be a change in the ideals we cherish, in the values we adopt, before we can give social expression to them. We help to secure the future only to the extent to which we ourselves are changed. What is missing in our age is the soul; there is nothing wrong with the body. We suffer from sickness of spirit. We must discover our roots in the eternal and regain faith in the transcendent truth which will order life, discipline discordant elements, and bring unity and purpose into it. If not, when the floods come and the winds blow and beat upon our houses, it will fall.

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| Question: | incomplete and annuppy, ir | |
|-----------|---|--|
| | (Select the right option) | |
| A: | He is prevented from mingling in the society | |
| B: | His hopes, creative energies and spiritual powers are unsatisfied | |
| C: | He is deserted by his friends | |
| D: | He had failed to enroll in a Central University in India | |

| Section: | ENGLISH |
|----------------|---|
| Item No: | 19 |
| Question ID: | 1640919 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | From the given options, select the pair of words which carries the same relationship to the given pair of words: Respect: Regard |
| A: | Stain: Spotless |
| B: | Ruin: Repair |
| C: | Detest : Despite |
| D: | Regret : Rejoice |

| Section: | ENGLISH |
|----------------|--|
| Item No: | 20 |
| Question ID: | 1640920 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | From the given options, select the pair of words which carries the same relationship to the given pair of words. Dull: Bright |
| A: | Forsake : Discard |
| B: | Lean : Slender |
| C: | Fragile : Delicate |
| D: | Harmony: Discord |

| Section: | ENGLISH |
|----------------|---|
| Item No: | 21 |
| Question ID: | 1640921 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | From the given options, select the pair of words which carries the same relationship to the given pair of words: Happiness: Misery |
| A: | Violent : Wild |
| B: | Construct : Dismantle |
| C: | Deception : Fraud |
| D: | Tranquility: Quietness |

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| Section: | ENGLISH |
|----------------|--|
| Item No: | 22 |
| Question ID: | 1640922 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | From the given options, select the pair of words which carries the same relationship to the given pair of words: Resolute: Determined |
| A: | Appease : Frighten |
| B: | Hinder: Assist |
| C: | Bustle : Motionless |
| D: | Miniature : Small |

| Section: | ENGLISH |
|----------------|---|
| Item No: | 23 |
| Question ID: | 1640923 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | Rearrange the given groups of words to make a meaningful sentence: A. a consumer protection drive to educate B. against using fraudulent means C. the people about their rights and to warn traders D. the administration will soon launch Choose the correct answer from the options given below: |
| A: | D, A, C, B |
| B: | B, C, A, D |
| C: | C, A, B, D |
| D: | D, C, B, A |

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| Section: | ENGLISH CHILDREN CONTROL OF THE CONT |
| Item No: | 24 |
| Question ID: | 1640924 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | Rearrange the given groups of words to make a meaningful sentence: A. no part of this publication may be B. in any form without the written permission C. of the publisher of the book D. reproduced, stored or transmitted Choose the correct answer from the options given below: |
| A: | B, A, C, D |
| B: | B, D, A, C |
| C: | A, D, B ,C |
| D: | C, D, A, B |

| Section: | ENGLISH | |
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| Question ID: | 1640925 |
|----------------|---|
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | Rearrange the given groups of words to make a meaningful sentence: A. then the world will avert all future wars B. and agree to obey all the laws C. if all the nations work together D. for the common good of mankind Choose the correct answer from the options given below: |
| A: | D, B, A, C |
| B: | B, C, A, D |
| C: | C, D, B, A |
| D: | A, D, B, C |

| Section: | ENGLISH | |
|----------------|---|--------|
| Item No: | 26 | |
| Question ID: | 1640926 | |
| Question Type: | MCQ | |
| Question: | Rearrange the given groups of words to make a meaningful sentence: A. for the vehicles carrying food items B. the Centre has made it mandatory C. to display all details on the D. windshield and the rear screen Choose the correct answer from the options given below: | S.COII |
| A: | D, C, B, A | |
| B: | C, B, D, A | |
| C: | A, C, D, A, | |
| D: | B, A, C, D | |

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| Section: | ENGLISH AUTO | |
| Item No: | 27 | |
| Question ID: | 1640927 | |
| Question Type: | MCQ | |
| Question: | From the given options, select the one which is similar in meaning to the given word "NOURISH" | |
| A: | Negate | |
| B: | Nurture | |
| C: | Neglect | |
| D: | Native | |

| Section: | ENGLISH | |
|----------------|--|-----------------|
| Item No: | 28 | |
| Question ID: | 1640928 | |
| Question Type: | MCQ Download all NOTES and PAPERS at Stu- From the given options, select the one which is similar in meaning to the given | dentSuvidha.com |

| word |
|--------------|
| "Listless" |
| Lively |
| Brisk |
| Lethargic |
| Enthusiasite |
| |

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| Section: | ENGLISH | |
| Item No: | 29 | |
| Question ID: | 1640929 | |
| Question Type: | MCQ | |
| Question: | From the given options, select the one which is similar in meaning to the given word | |
| | 'Sophisticated' | |
| A: | Easy | |
| B: | Simple | |
| C: | Naive | |
| D: | Experienced | S |
| | | |
| Section: | ENGLISH | |
| Item No: | 30 | |
| | | I |

| Section: | ENGLISH |
|----------------|--|
| Item No: | 30 |
| Question ID: | 1640930 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | From the given options, select the one word Lament |
| A: | Complain |
| B: | Mourn |
| C: | Console |
| D: | Celebrate |

| Section: | ENGLISH |
|----------------|--|
| Item No: | 31 |
| Question ID: | 1640931 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | From the given options, select the correctly spelt word: |
| A: | Diteriorat |
| B: | Detiriorate |
| C: | Deteriorate |
| D: | Detriorate |

| Section: | ENGLISH | |
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| Item No: | 3Download all NOTES and PA | PERS at StudentSuvidha.com |

| Question ID: | 1640932 |
|----------------|--|
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | From the given options, select the correctly spelt word: |
| A: | Pneumonia |
| B: | Pnenoniya |
| C: | Nemoniya |
| D: | Pnimonia |

| Section: | ENGLISH |
|----------------|--|
| Item No: | 33 |
| Question ID: | 1640933 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | From the given options, select the correctly spelt word: |
| A: | Imergency |
| B: | Amergency |
| C: | Emergency |
| D: | Emorgency |

| B: | Amergency | |
|----------------|--|----|
| C: | Emergency | |
| D: | Emorgency | |
| | | |
| Section: | ENGLISH | |
| Item No: | 34 | |
| Question ID: | 1640934 | |
| Question Type: | MCQ | 10 |
| Question: | From the given options, select the correctly spelt words | |
| A: | Burocrat | |
| B: | Beaurocrat | |
| C: | Buruekrat | |
| D: | Bureaucrat | |

| Section: | ENGLISH |
|----------------|--|
| Item No: | 35 |
| Question ID: | 1640935 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | From the given options, select the one which most correctly explains the given expression: "To smell a rat" |
| A: | To spot rats in a dark room |
| B: | To misunderstand a speaker |
| C: | To suspect a trick or a deceit |
| D: | To get confused |

| Section: | ENGLISH |
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| Item No: | 36 |
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| Question Type: | MCQ | |
|----------------|--|--|
| Question: | From the given options, select the one which most correctly explains the given expression: "To take a leap in the dark" | |
| A: | To perform a secret ritual | |
| B: | To jump after the sun has set | |
| C: | To do something without being certain of the outcome and result | |
| D: | To be afraid of the dark | |

| Section: | ENGLISH |
|----------------|--|
| Item No: | 37 |
| Question ID: | 1640937 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | From the given options, select the one which most correctly explains the given expression: "To pull one's socks up" |
| A: | To depart |
| B: | To make an effort to improve one's performance |
| C: | To try something new and strange |
| D: | To wear a pair of new socks |

| Section: | ENGLISH |
|----------------|--|
| Item No: | 38 |
| Question ID: | 1640938 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | From the given options, selectable one which most correctly explains the given expression: "To lose face" |
| A: | To feel sad |
| B: | To look angry |
| C: | To be confused |
| D: | To lose respect from others |

| Section: | ENGLISH | | |
|----------------|---|---------------|----|
| Item No: | 39 | | |
| Question ID: | 1640939 | | |
| Question Type: | MCQ | | |
| Question: | From the given options, select the one which can replace the given expression: One who is new and inexperienced in a certain job | | |
| A: | Versatile | | |
| B: | Veteran | | |
| C: | Namesake | | |
| D: | Download all NOTES and PAPERS at Stud | dentSuvidha.c | om |

| Section: | ENGLISH |
|----------------|---|
| Item No: | 40 |
| Question ID: | 1640940 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | From the given options, select the one which can replace the given expression: One who hates mankind |
| A: | Sadist |
| B: | Narcissist |
| C: | Misanthrope |
| D: | Misologist |

| Section: | ENGLISH | |
|----------------|---|--|
| Item No: | 41 | |
| Question ID: | 1640941 | |
| Question Type: | MCQ | |
| Question: | From the given options, select the one which can replace the given expression: "Recurring every ten years" | |
| A: | Centennial | |
| B: | Biennial | |
| C: | Decennial | |
| D: | Quadrennial | |

| Section: | ENGLISH |
|----------------|---|
| Item No: | 42 |
| Question ID: | 1640942 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | From the given options, select the one which can replace the given expression: "Fear of Water" |
| A: | Kleptophobia |
| B: | Hydrophobia |
| C: | Hodophobia |
| D: | Hedonophobia |

| Section: | ENGLISH | |
|----------------|---|----------------|
| Item No: | 43 | |
| Question ID: | 1640943 | |
| Question Type: | MCQ | |
| Question: | From the given options, select the Figure of Speech (Poetic Device) used in the expression: | |
| | "Matthew met Michael at the mayor's moor" | |
| A: | Simile | |
| B: | PROWERLOAD ALL NOTES and PAPERS at Stud | entSuvidha.com |

| D: | Alliteration | |
|----------------|---|--|
| | | |
| Section: | ENGLISH | |
| Item No: | 44 | |
| Question ID: | 1640944 | |
| Question Type: | MCQ | |
| Question: | From the given options, select the Figure of Speech (Poetic Device) used in the expression: "Chandu's uniform fits him like a glove" | |
| A: | Personification | |
| B: | Simile | |
| C: | Metaphor | |
| D: | Oxymoron | |

Metaphor

| Section: | ENGLISH |
|----------------|---|
| Item No: | 45 |
| Question ID: | 1640945 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | From the given options, select the Figure of Speech (Poetic Device) used in the expression: "Tom and Jerry share a love-hate relationship" |
| A: | Personification |
| B: | Metaphor |
| C: | Oxymoron |
| D: | Simile Made |

| Section: | ENGLISH |
|----------------|---|
| Item No: | 46 |
| Question ID: | 1640946 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | From the given options, select the Figure of Speech (Poetic Device) used in the expression: "All the world is a stage" |
| A: | Personification |
| B: | Simile |
| C: | Alliteration |
| D: | Metaphor |
| | |

| Section: | ENGLISH | |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Item No: | 47 | |
| Question ID: | 1640947 | |
| Question Type: | Mownload all NOTES and PAPERS at Stu | dentSuvidha.com |

| Question: | From the given options, select the OPPOSITE in meaning to the given word: "Liability" |
|----------------|--|
| A: | Money |
| B: | Property |
| C: | Asset |
| D: | Debt |
| | |
| Section: | ENGLISH |
| Item No: | 48 |
| Question ID: | 1640948 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | From the given options, select the OPPOSITE in meaning to the given word: |
| | "Stringent" |
| A: | Vehement |

| ENGLISH |
|--|
| 48 |
| 1640948 |
| MCQ |
| From the given options, select the OPPOSITE in meaning to the given word: "Stringent" |
| Vehement |
| Severe |
| General |
| Lenient |
| |

| Section: | ENGLISH |
|----------------|--|
| Item No: | 49 |
| Question ID: | 1640949 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | From the given options, select the OPPOSITE in meaning to the given word: "Conscientious" |
| A: | Mutual |
| B: | Scrupulous |
| C: | Irresponsible |
| D: | Meticulous |
| | |

| Section: | ENGLISH |
|----------------|--|
| Item No: | 50 |
| Question ID: | 1640950 |
| Question Type: | MCQ |
| Question: | From the given options, select the OPPOSITE in meaning to the given word: "Perennial" |
| A: | Incessant |
| B: | Seasonal |
| C: | Frequent |
| D: | Common |